Document 2

Filed 09/11/2003

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MAS-20030312 liebeldo

#### Commonwealth of Massachusetts **HAMPDEN SUPERIOR COURT Case Summary**

09/10/2003 11:10 AM

Civil Docket

HDCV2003-00784

Springfield Library and Museum Association Inc v Knoedler Archivum inc f/k/a

File Date 08/06/2003 Status Date 09/09/2003 **Status** Disposed: transfered to other court (dtrans) Session A - Civil A - CtRm 6

Origin

Case Type A02 - Goods sold/delivered under contract

**Lead Case** 

Track

Service 11/04/2003 Rule 15 01/03/2004

Answer 01/03/2004 Discovery 06/01/2004

**Disposition** 09/29/2004

Rule12/19/20 01/03/2004 Rule 56 07/01/2004

Jury Trial

Yes

**Plaintiff** 

**Final PTC** 

Springfield Library and Museum Association Inc

07/31/2004

Active 08/06/2003

Defendant

Knoedler Archivum inc f/k/a Service pending 08/06/2003 Private Counsel 544936

Mark D Mason Cooley Shrair PC 1380 Main Street Fifth Floor

PARTIES TO THE PARTIE

Springfield, MA 01103 Phone: 413-735-8040 Fax: 413-733-3042 Active 08/06/2003 Notify

Private Counsel 556967

Kenneth W Salinger

Palmer & Dodge 111 Huntington Avenue The Prudential Center Boston, MA 02199-7613 Phone: 617-239-0100 Fax: 617-227-4420

Private Counsel 652491

Active 09/09/2003 Notify

Amy J. Berks Palmer & Dodge 111 Huntington Avenue The Prudential Center 29th floor Boston, MA 02199-7613

Phone: 617-239-0100 Fax: 617-227-4420 Active 09/09/2003 Notify

Alias defendant name

M Knoedler & Company Inc.

Active 08/06/2003

ENTRIES .....

Date

Paper

08/06/2003

1.0

Complaint & civil action cover sheet filed

MAS-20030312 liebeldo

# Commonwealth of Massachusetts HAMPDEN SUPERIOR COURT Case Summary Civil Docket

09/10/2003 11:10 AM

HDCV2003-00784

Springfield Library and Museum Association Inc v Knoedler Archivum inc f/k/a

Date	Paper	rext
08/06/2003		Origin 1, Type A02, Track F.
08/29/2003	2.0	Amended complaint
09/09/2003	3.0	Case REMOVED this date to US District Court of Massachusetts

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A TRUE COPY
OF THE DOCKET MINUTES:
IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I hereunto
set my hand, and have caused the seal
of the Superior Court for the County
of Hampden to be affixed on this
day of

Deputy Assistant Clark

## COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS DEPARTMENT OF THE TRIAL COURT

HAMPDEN, ss.	SUPERIOR COURT DEPARTMENT CIVIL ACTION NO. 03 784
SPRINGFIELD LIBRARY AND MUSEUM ASSOCIATION, INC., Plaintiff ) v.	AMENDED COMPLAINT AND DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL
KNOEDLER ARCHIVUM, INC. f/k/a  M. KNOEDLER & COMPANY, INC.,  Defendant  )	HAMPDEN COUNTY SUPERIOR COUNTY FILED

### I. PRELIMINARY STATEMENT

1. Plaintiff, Springfield Library and Museum Association, Inc. f/k/a The Springfield Museums (the "Springfield Museums") brings this action against Defendant, Knoedler Archivum, Inc. f/k/a M. Knoedler & Company, Inc. ("Knoedler") for Breach of Contract (Count I), Breach of Implied Warranty (Count II), Fraud and Deceit (Count III), Negligent Misrepresentation (Count IV), Innocent Misrepresentation (Count V), Breach of the Implied Covenant of Good Faith and Fair Dealing (Count VI) and Violations of M.G.L. c. 93A §§ 2, 11 (Count VII) stemming from Knoedler's sale to the Springfield Museums of a painting entitled Spring Sowing by the Italian artist Jacopo da Ponte known as Il Bassano ("Spring Sowing").

## **II. PARTIES AND JURISDICTION**

2. The Springfield Museums is a charitable corporation organized under the laws of Massachusetts with a principal place of business at 220 State Street, Springfield, County of Hampden, Commonwealth of Massachusetts. The Springfield Museums is the successor in



- interest to the Springfield Museums and acquired all its right, title and interest in and to the within action.
- 3. Defendant, Knoedler, is a Delaware corporation with a principal place of business at 19 East 70<sup>th</sup> Street, New York, State of New York. Knoedler Archivum, Inc. is the successor in interest to Knoedler.
- 4. Jurisdiction is conferred upon this court by M.G.L. c. 212 § 4, M.G.L. 93A §§ 2, 11.

#### III. FACTS

- 5. In or about 1955, Knoedler and the Springfield Museums entered into an agreement (the "Agreement") for the sale of <u>Spring Sowing</u> in consideration for payment of Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00).
- 6. The terms and conditions of the Agreement are memorialized in a Bill of Sale of Personal Property dated April 25, 1955. A copy of the Bill of Sale of Personal Property ("Bill of Sale") is attached hereto as Exhibit "A."
- 7. The Bill of Sale sets forth that Knoedler "hereby covenant[s] with the grantee that it [is] the lawful owner of the said goods and chattels; that they are free from all encumbrances that it have [sic] good right to sell same as aforesaid; and that it will warrant and defend the same against lawful claims and demands of all persons."
- 8. The Bill of Sale is signed under seal.
- 9. Prior to sale of <u>Spring Sowing</u>, Knoedler represented to the Springfield Museums that it maintained an expertise in the sale of Italian Renaissance paintings such as <u>Spring Sowing</u>.
- 10. Prior to the sale of <u>Spring Sowing</u>, Knoedler represented to the Springfield Museums that it had examined <u>Spring Sowing</u>'s provenance and that Knoedler maintained clear title to sell <u>Spring Sowing</u> to the Springfield Museums.

- 11. Knoedler's representations to the Springfield Museums were false whereas Knoedler was not the lawful owner of <u>Spring Sowing</u> and, hence, Knoedler did not maintain good title to sell <u>Spring Sowing</u> to the Springfield Museums.
- 12. It was not until on or about October 20, 2000, that the Springfield Museums had a reasonable basis to believe Knoedler's representations to the Springfield Museums were false.
- 13. On or about October 20, 2000, the Italian Government transmitted correspondence to the Springfield Museums setting forth facts asserting that <u>Spring Sowing</u> had been stolen from the Italian Embassy in Warsaw during World War II.
- 14. On June 22, 2001, the Springfield Museums returned <u>Spring Sowing</u> to the Italian government.
- 15. Prior to June 22, 2001, the Springfield Museums had suffered no damage as a result of Knoedler's actions.
- 16. On or about December 14, 2001, the Springfield Museums demanded Knoedler compensate the Springfield Museums for the value of <u>Spring Sowing</u>.
- 17. Knoedler has refused and continues to refuse the Springfield Museums' demand for compensation.

## **COUNT I – BREACH OF CONTRACT**

- 18. The Springfield Museums reaffirms and realleges 1-17 above as if set forth fully herein.
- 19. The Agreement was an unambiguous, integrated, and binding contract.
- 20. The Springfield Museums fully performed its obligations owed Knoedler pursuant to the Agreement.
- 21. Knoedler has breached the terms and conditions of the Agreement whereas it failed to ensure <a href="Spring Sowing's">Spring Sowing's</a> provenance prior to sale to the Springfield Museums.

- 22. Knoedler breached the Agreement by failing to ensure it was the lawful owner of <u>Spring Sowing</u>.
- 23. Knoedler breached the Agreement by failing to convey good and clear title of <u>Spring Sowing</u> to the Springfield Museums.
- 24. Knoedler breached the Agreement by failing to warrant and defend the Springfield Museums against the Italian Government's claim of ownership.
- 25. As a direct and proximate result of Knoedler's Breach of Contract, the Springfield Museums has suffered and continues to suffer damages.

WHEREFORE, the Springfield Museums demands judgment for Breach of Contract together with interest, costs, and such other and further relief as this court deems just and proper.

## **COUNT II – BREACH OF IMPLIED WARRANTY**

- 26. The Springfield Museums reaffirms and realleges 1-17 above as if set forth fully herein.
- 27. There existed an implied warranty between Knoedler and the Springfield Museums that Knoedler was the lawful owner of <u>Spring Sowing</u> and Knoedler was conveying good and clear title of <u>Spring Sowing</u> to the Springfield Museums.
- 28. Knoedler breached its implied warranty as aforesaid.
- 29. As a result of Knoedler's Breach of Implied Warranty, the Springfield Museums has suffered and continues to suffer damages.
- 30. WHEREFORE, the Springfield Museums demands judgment for Breach of Implied Warranty together with interest, costs, and such other and further relief as this court deems just and proper.

## **COUNT III - FRAUD AND DECEIT**

- 31. The Springfield Museums reaffirms and realleges 1-17 above as if set forth fully herein.
- 32. The Springfield Museums was deceived and wrongfully induced to rely, to its detriment, upon Knoedler's misrepresentations and misleading statements and/or omissions regarding <a href="Spring Sowing">Spring Sowing</a>, including but not limited to representations that Knoedler was the lawful owner of <a href="Spring Sowing">Spring Sowing</a>, that it was passing good and clear title to <a href="Spring Sowing">Spring Sowing</a> to the Springfield Museums, and that it would warrant and defend the Springfield Museums against claims in order to induce the Springfield Museums to purchase <a href="Spring Sowing">Spring Sowing</a>.
- 33. The Springfield Museums' reliance was known or should have been known to Knoedler, and Knoedler made the misrepresentations hereinbeforementioned knowing them to be false and fraudulent with the intention of deceiving and inducing the Springfield Museums to rely on such misrepresentations.
- 34. As a result of Knoedler's misrepresentations, omissions, and fraudulent concealments, the Springfield Museums learned that Knoedler was not the lawful owner of <u>Spring Sowing</u> until in or about 2001.
- 35. As a direct and proximate result of Knoedler's fraudulent misrepresentations and omissions, the Springfield Museums has suffered and continues to suffer damages.

WHEREFORE, the Springfield Museums demands judgment for Fraud and Deceit together with interest, costs, and such other and further relief as this court deems just and proper.

## **COUNT IV – NEGLIGENT MISREPRESENTATIONS**

- 36. The Springfield Museums reaffirms and realleges 1-17 above as if set forth fully herein.
- 37. Knoedler's Negligent Misrepresentation that Knoedler was the lawful owner of Spring Sowing, that it was passing good and clear title to Spring Sowing to the Springfield Museums, and that it would warrant and defend the Springfield Museums against claims in order to induce the Springfield Museums to purchase Spring Sowing constitute Negligent Misrepresentation.
- 38. As a direct and proximate result of Knoedler's Negligent Misrepresentations and omissions, the Springfield Museums has suffered and continues to suffer damages.

WHEREFORE, the Springfield Museums demands judgment for Negligent Misrepresentation together with interest, costs, and such other and further relief as this court deems just and proper.

## **COUNT V – INNOCENT MISREPRESENTATION**

- 39. The Springfield Museums reaffirms and realleges 1-17 above as if set forth fully herein.
- 40. Knoedler's Innocent Mispresentations that Knoedler was the lawful owner of <u>Spring Sowing</u>, that it was passing good and clear title to <u>Spring Sowing</u> to the Springfield Museums, and that it would warrant and defend the Springfield Museums against claims in order to induce the Springfield Museums to purchase <u>Spring Sowing</u> constitute Innocent Misrepresentation.
- 41. As a direct and proximate result of Knoedler's Innocent Misrepresentations and omissions, the Springfield Museums has suffered and continues to suffer damages.

WHEREFORE, the Springfield Museums demands judgment for Innocent Misrepresentation together with interest, costs, and such other and further relief as this court deems just and proper.

## COUNT VI – BREACH OF THE COVENANT OF GOOD FAITH AND FAIR DEALING

- 42. The Springfield Museums reaffirms and realleges 1-17 above as if set forth fully herein.
- 43. The Agreement carries with it an implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing.
- 44. Knoedler's actions in breaching this Agreement, as set forth above, were undertaken in bad faith and constitute a violation of the Implied Covenant of Good Faith and Fair Dealing.
- 45. As a direct and proximate result, the Springfield Museums has suffered and continued to suffer damages.

WHEREFORE, the Springfield Museums demands judgment for Breach of the Covenant of Good Faith and Fair Dealing together with interest, costs, and such other and further relief as this court deems just and proper.

## COUNT VII- VIOLATION OF M.G.L. c. 93A §§ 2, 11

- 46. The Springfield Museums reaffirms and realleges 1-17 above as if set forth fully herein.
- 47. Knoedler has engaged in unfair and deceptive acts or practices proscribed by M.G.L. c. 93A §2, 11, and the Attorney General's Regulations promulgated thereunder. As a result, the Springfield Museums has sustained and continues to sustain damages.
- 48. Knoedler has employed the following unfair and deceptive acts or practices in trade or commerce against the Springfield Museums, each and every one of which standing alone and/or together, constitutes a violation of M.G.L. c. 93A and each and every one of which is alleged as a separate and distinct violation of M.G.L. c. 93A:

- a. Knoedler breached the Agreement.
- b. Knoedler made misrepresentations and misleading statements and/or omissions to the Springfield Museum's detriment that Knoedler was the lawful owner of Spring Sowing, that it was passing good and clear title to Spring Sowing to the Springfield Museums, and that it would warrant and defend the Springfield Museums against claims in order to induce The Springfield Museums to purchase Spring Sowing;
- c. Knoedler made misrepresentations and misleading statements and/or omissions to the Springfield Museum's detriment that it was passing good and clear title to Spring Sowing to the Springfield Museums;
- d. Knoedler made misrepresentation and misleading statements and/or omissions to the Springfield Museum's detriment that it would warrant and defend the Springfield Museums against claims in order to induce the Springfield Museums to purchase Spring Sowing.
- 49. As a direct and proximate result of Knoedler's Violations of c. 93A §§ 2, 11, the Springfield Museums has suffered and continues to suffer damages.

WHEREFORE, the Springfield Museums demands judgment for Violations of c. 93A §§ 2, 11 as follows:

- a. Monetary damages:
- Treble Damages for Knoedler's willful and knowing violations of M.G.L. c. 93A; b.
- Attorney's fees, interest and costs; and c.
- such other and further relief as this Court deems just and proper. d.

PLAINTIFF DEMANDS TRIAL BY JURY ON ALL COUNTS SO TRIALABLE HEREIN.

SPRINGFIELD LIBRARY AND MUSEUMS ASSOCIATION, INC.

MARK D MASON, ESQUIRE

Cooley, Shrair, P.C.

1380 Main Street, Fifth Floor

Springfield, MA 01103

Telephone: (413) 735-8040

Fax: (413) 733-3042

BBO# 544936

Dated: August 29, 2003

#### Certificate of Service

I, Mark D. Mason, Attorney for the Plaintiff, do hereby certify that I have this date served or caused to be served upon Defendant a copy of Plaintiff's Amended Complaint by mailing the same, postage prepaid first class mail, as follows:

Andrius Kontrimas, Esquire Jenkins & Gilchrist 1100 Louisiana Suite 1800 Houston, TX 77002

Michael Hammer, Chairman Knoedler Archivum, Inc. 19 East 70<sup>th</sup> Street New York, NY 10021

MARK D MASON, ESQUIRE

Dated: August 29, 2003

21553\9\50879

A LIBO CODY

Attest

pury Assistant Clerk

## Know all Itlen by these presents

that M. Knoedler and Company, Inc.

in consideration of Five thousand dollars (\$5,000.00) paid by The City Library Association, a corporation located in Springfield, Massachusetts

the receipt whereof is hereby acknowledged, do hereby grant, sell, transfer, and deliver unto the said City Library Association of Springfield the following goods and chattels, namely:

Bassano, Jacopo da Ponte, Il 1510-1592 "Spring Sowing" Oil on canvas 24 x 20 inches

#### COLLECTIONS:

The picture comes from Mrs. Paech, a Swiss lady in whose family the picture had remained for a very long time.

To have and to hold all and singular the said goods and chattels to the said City Library
Association of Springfield and its successors

And the grantors hereby covenant with the grantee that it the lawful owner of the said goods and chattels; that they are free from all encumbrances,

that it have good right to sell the same as aforesaid; and that it will warrant and defend the same against the lawful claims and demands of all persons.

In witness whereof it the said M. Knoedler and Company, Inc., has caused this instrument to be signed and sealed by its proper officer thereunto duly authorized hand and seal this

in the year one thousand nine hundred and fifty-five

day of

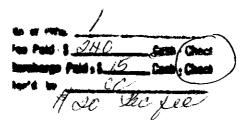
#### COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS DEPARTMENT OF THE TRIAL COURT

HAMPDEN, ss.	SUPERIOR COURT DEPARTMENT
	CIVIL ACTION NO. 03 784
SPRINGFIELD LIBRARY AND () MUSEUM ASSOCIATION, INC., () Plaintiff ()	COMPLAINT AND DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL
V. )  KNOEDLER ARCHIVUM, INC. f/k/a )  M. KNOEDLER & COMPANY, INC.,  Defendant )	HAMPDEN COUNTY SUPERIOR COURT FILED AUG - 6 2003
I. PRELIMINA	ARY STATEMENT CLERK-MAGISTRATE CLERK-MAGISTRATE

1. Plaintiff, Springfield Library and Museum Association, Inc. f/k/a The Springfield Museums (the "Springfield Museums") brings this action against Defendant, Knoedler Archivum, Inc. f/k/a M. Knoedler & Company, Inc. ("Knoedler") for Breach of Contract (Count I), Breach of Implied Warranty (Count II), Fraud and Deceit (Count III), Negligent Misrepresentation (Count IV), Innocent Misrepresentation (Count V), Breach of the Implied Covenant of Good Faith and Fair Dealing (Count VI) and Violations of M.G.L. c. 93A §§ 2, 11 (Count VII) stemming from Knoedler's sale to the Springfield Museums of a painting entitled Spring Sowing by the Italian artist Jacopo da Ponte known as Il Bassano ("Spring Sowing").

## II. PARTIES AND JURISDICTION

2. The Springfield Museums is a charitable corporation organized under the laws of Massachusetts with a principal place of business at 220 State Street, Springfield, County of Hampden, Commonwealth of Massachusetts. The Springfield Museums is the successor in



- interest to the Springfield Museums and acquired all its right, title and interest in and to the within action.
- 3. Defendant, Knoedler, is a Delaware corporation with a principal place of business at 19 East 70<sup>th</sup> Street, New York, State of New York. Knoedler Archivum, Inc. is the successor in interest to Knoedler.
- 4. Jurisdiction is conferred upon this court by M.G.L. c. 212 § 4, M.G.L. 93A §§ 2, 11.

#### III. FACTS

- 5. In or about 1955, Knoedler and the Springfield Museums entered into an agreement (the "Agreement") for the sale of <u>Spring Sowing</u> in consideration for payment of Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00).
- 6. The terms and conditions of the Agreement are memorialized in a Bill of Sale of Personal Property dated April 25, 1955. A copy of the Bill of Sale of Personal Property ("Bill of Sale") is attached hereto as Exhibit "A."
- 7. The Bill of Sale sets forth that Knoedler "hereby covenant[s] with the grantee that it [is] the lawful owner of the said goods and chattels; that they are free from all encumbrances that it have [sic] good right to sell same as aforesaid; and that it will warrant and defend the same against lawful claims and demands of all persons."
- 8. The Bill of Sale is signed under seal.
- 9. Prior to sale of <u>Spring Sowing</u>, Knoedler represented to the Springfield Museums that it maintained an expertise in the sale of Italian Renaissance paintings such as <u>Spring Sowing</u>.
- 10. Prior to the sale of <u>Spring Sowing</u>, Knoedler represented to the Springfield Museums that it had examined <u>Spring Sowing's</u> provenance and that Knoedler maintained clear title to sell <u>Spring Sowing</u> to The Springfield Museums.

- 11. Knoedler's representations to the Springfield Museums were false whereas Knoedler was not the lawful owner of <u>Spring Sowing</u> and, hence, Knoedler did not maintain good title to sell <u>Spring Sowing</u> to the Springfield Museums.
- 12. On or about October 20, 2000, the Italian Government transmitted correspondence to the Springfield Museums setting forth facts asserting that <a href="Spring Sowing">Spring Sowing</a> had been stolen from the Italian Embassy in Warsaw during World War II.
- 13. On June 22, 2001, the Springfield Museums returned Spring Sowing to the Italian government.
- 14. On or about December 14, 2001, the Springfield Museums demanded Knoedler compensate the Springfield Museums for the value of <u>Spring Sowing</u>.
- 15. Knoedler has refused and continues to refuse the Springfield Museums' demand for compensation.

#### **COUNT I – BREACH OF CONTRACT**

- 16. The Springfield Museums reaffirms and realleges 1-15 above as if set forth fully herein.
- 17. The Agreement was an unambiguous, integrated, and binding contract.
- 18. The Springfield Museums fully performed its obligations owed Knoedler pursuant to the Agreement.
- 19. Knoedler has breached the terms and conditions of the Agreement whereas it failed to ensure <a href="Spring Sowing's">Spring Sowing's</a> provenance prior to sale to the Springfield Museums.
- 20. Knoedler breached the Agreement by failing to ensure it was the lawful owner of <u>Spring</u> Sowing.
- 21. Knoedler breached the Agreement by failing to convey good and clear title of <u>Spring Sowing</u> to the Springfield Museums.

- 22. Knoedler breached the Agreement by failing to warrant and defend the Springfield Museums against the Italian Government's claim of ownership.
- 23. As a direct and proximate result of Knoedler's Breach of Contract, the Springfield Museums has suffered and continues to suffer damages.

WHEREFORE, the Springfield Museums demands judgment for Breach of Contract together with interest, costs, and such other and further relief as this court deems just and proper.

#### COUNT II – BREACH OF IMPLIED WARRANTY

- 24. The Springfield Museums reaffirms and realleges 1-15 above as if set forth fully herein.
- 25. There existed an implied warranty between Knoedler and the Springfield Museums that Knoedler was the lawful owner of Spring Sowing and Knoedler was conveying good and clear title of Spring Sowing to the Springfield Museums.
- 26. Knoedler breached its implied warranty as aforesaid.
- 27. As a result of Knoedler's Breach of Implied Warranty, the Springfield Museums has suffered and continues to suffer damages.
- 28. WHEREFORE, the Springfield Museums demands judgment for Breach of Implied Warranty together with interest, costs, and such other and further relief as this court deems just and proper.

## COUNT III - FRAUD AND DECEIT

- 29. The Springfield Museums reaffirms and realleges 1-15 above as if set forth fully herein.
- 30. The Springfield Museums was deceived and wrongfully induced to rely, to its detriment, upon Knoedler's misrepresentations and misleading statements and/or omissions regarding <a href="Spring Sowing">Spring Sowing</a>, including but not limited to representations that Knoedler was the lawful

- 31. The Springfield Museums' reliance was known or should have been known to Knoedler, and Knoedler made the misrepresentations hereinbeforementioned knowing them to be false and fraudulent with the intention of deceiving and inducing the Springfield Museums to rely on such misrepresentations.
- 32. As a result of Knoedler's misrepresentations, omissions, and fraudulent concealments, the Springfield Museums learned that Knoedler was not the lawful owner of Spring Sowing until in or about 2001.
- 33. As a direct and proximate result of Knoedler's fraudulent misrepresentations and omissions, the Springfield Museums has suffered and continues to suffer damages.

WHEREFORE, the Springfield Museums demands judgment for Fraud and Deceit together with interest, costs, and such other and further relief as this court deems just and proper.

### **COUNT IV – NEGLIGENT MISREPRESENTATIONS**

- 34. The Springfield Museums reaffirms and realleges 1-15 above as if set forth fully herein.
- 35. Knoedler's Negligent Misrepresentation that Knoedler was the lawful owner of Spring Sowing, that it was passing good and clear title to Spring Sowing to the Springfield Museums, and that it would warrant and defend the Springfield Museums against claims in order to induce the Springfield Museums to purchase Spring Sowing constitute Negligent Misrepresentation.

36. As a direct and proximate result of Knoedler's Negligent Misrepresentations and omissions, the Springfield Museums has suffered and continues to suffer damages.

WHEREFORE, the Springfield Museums demands judgment for Negligent Misrepresentation together with interest, costs, and such other and further relief as this court deems just and proper.

#### **COUNT V – INNOCENT MISREPRESENTATION**

- 37. The Springfield Museums reaffirms and realleges 1-15 above as if set forth fully herein.
- 38. Knoedler's Innocent Mispresentations that Knoedler was the lawful owner of <u>Spring Sowing</u>, that it was passing good and clear title to <u>Spring Sowing</u> to the Springfield Museums, and that it would warrant and defend the Springfield Museums against claims in order to induce the Springfield Museums to purchase <u>Spring Sowing</u> constitute Innocent Misrepresentation.
- 39. As a direct and proximate result of Knoedler's Innocent Misrepresentations and omissions, the Springfield Museums has suffered and continues to suffer damages.

WHEREFORE, the Springfield Museums demands judgment for Innocent Misrepresentation together with interest, costs, and such other and further relief as this court deems just and proper.

#### COUNT VI – BREACH OF THE COVENANT OF GOOD FAITH AND FAIR DEALING

- 40. The Springfield Museums reaffirms and realleges 1-15 above as if set forth fully herein.
- 41. The Agreement carries with it an implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing.

- 42. Knoedler's actions in breaching this Agreement, as set forth above, were undertaken in bad faith and constitute a violation of the Implied Covenant of Good Faith and Fair Dealing.
- 43. As a direct and proximate result, the Springfield Museums has suffered and continued to suffer damages.

WHEREFORE, the Springfield Museums demands judgment for Breach of the Covenant of Good Faith and Fair Dealing together with interest, costs, and such other and further relief as this court deems just and proper.

### COUNT VII- VIOLATION OF M.G.L. c. 93A §§ 2, 11

- 44. The Springfield Museums reaffirms and realleges 1-15 above as if set forth fully herein.
- 45. Knoedler has engaged in unfair and deceptive acts or practices proscribed by M.G.L. c. 93A §2, 11, and the Attorney General's Regulations promulgated thereunder. As a result, the Springfield Museums has sustained and continues to sustain damages.
- 46. Knoedler has employed the following unfair and deceptive acts or practices in trade or commerce against the Springfield Museums, each and every one of which standing alone and/or together, constitutes a violation of M.G.L. c. 93A and each and every one of which is alleged as a separate and distinct violation of M.G.L. c. 93A:
  - Knoedler breached the Agreement.
  - b. Knoedler made misrepresentations and misleading statements and/or omissions to the Springfield Museum's detriment that Knoedler was the lawful owner of Spring Sowing, that it was passing good and clear title to Spring Sowing to the Springfield Museums, and that it would warrant and defend the Springfield Museums against claims in order to induce The Springfield Museums to purchase Spring Sowing;

- c. Knoedler made misrepresentations and misleading statements and/or omissions to the Springfield Museum's detriment that it was passing good and clear title to Spring Sowing to the Springfield Museums;
- d. Knoedler made misrepresentation and misleading statements and/or omissions to the Springfield Museum's detriment that it would warrant and defend the Springfield Museums against claims in order to induce the Springfield Museums to purchase Spring Sowing.
- 47. As a direct and proximate result of Knoedler's Violations of c. 93A §§ 2, 11, the Springfield Museums has suffered and continues to suffer damages.

WHEREFORE, the Springfield Museums demands judgment for Violations of c. 93A §§ 2, 11 as follows:

- Monetary damages; a.
- Treble Damages for Knoedler's willful and knowing violations of M.G.L. c. 93A; b.
- Attorney's fees, interest and costs; and c.
- đ. such other and further relief as this Court deems just and proper.

PLAINTIFF DEMANDS TRIAL BY JURY ON ALL COUNTS SO TRIALABLE HEREIN.

> SPRINGFIELD LIBRARY AND MUSEUMS ASSOCIATION

MARK D MASON, ESOUIRE

Cooley, Shrair, P.C.

1380 Main Street, Fifth Floor

Springfield, MA 01103

Telephone: (413) 735-8040

Fax: (413) 733-3042

Dated: August 6, 2003

BBO# 544936

21553\9\48112 4 Srue copy

Attesti

## Know all Men by these presents

that M. Knoedler and Company, Inc.

in consideration of Five thousand dollars (\$5,000.00)
paid by The City Library Association, a corporation located in Springfield, Massachusetts

the receipt whereof is hereby acknowledged, do hereby grant, sell, transfer, and deliver unto the sa City Library Association of Springfield the following goods and chattels, namely

Bassano, Jacopo da Ponte, Il 1510-1592 "Spring Sowing" Oil on canvas 24 x 20 inches

#### COLLECTIONS:

The picture comes from Mrs. Paech, a Swiss lady in whose family the picture had remained for a very long time.

To have and to hold all and singular the said goods and chattels to the said City Library
Association of Springfield and its successors

And the hereby covenant with the grantee that it the lawful owner of the sa goods and chattels; that they are free from all encumbrances,

that it have good right to sell the same as aforesaid; and that it will warrant and defe the same against the lawful claims and demands of all persons,

In witness whereof it the said M. Knoedler and Company, Inc., has caused this instrument to be signed and sealed by its proper officer thereunto duly authorized

hereunto set

hand and seal this

in the year one thousand nine hundred and fifty-five

CIVIL ACTION COVER SHEET	<b>03</b>	784	Z Flied 09/	ےµperio	rt of Massa r Court Dep <u> HAMP Մե</u> Ո	chusetts artment
PLAINTIFF(S) SPRINGFIELD LIBRARY ASSOCIATION, INC.	AND MUSEUM		DEFENDANT(S) KN M.	OEDLER ARCE KNOEDLER &	HIVUM, INC.	F/K/A
ATTORNEY, FIRM NAME, ADDRESS AND TELET Mark Mason, Esq., Cooley 1380 Main Street, Springf 413-781-0750 Board of Bar Overseers number: 544936	Shrair, P.C.	3	ATTORNEY (if known	n)		
	Origin	code and	track designation	on	***	
Place an x in one box only:  1. F01 Original Complaint  2. F02 Removal to Sup.Ct. C.2 (Before trial) (F)  3. F03 Retransfer to Sup.Ct. C			trial)  5. F05 F judgm	(X) Reactivated afte rent/Order (Ma	ppeal c.231, s. er rescript; relie iss.R.Civ.P. 60) ess Appeal (X)	
CODE NO. TYPE OF AC	OF ACTION AND TION (specify)	TRACK I		See reverse s JURY CASE?		
A02 Contract		( F)	(x)Yes	( ) No	)	
The following is a full, itemize money damages. For this for	ed and detailed m, disregard do	statemer ouble or t	nt of the facts	on which pl	aintiff relies	to determine lamages only.
		TORT C				
A. Documented medical expenses 1. Total hospital expenses 2. Total Doctor expenses 3. Total chiropractic expense 4. Total physical therapy exp 5. Total other expenses (des  B. Documented lost wages and co Documented property damages C. Reasonably anticipated future in Reasonably anticipated lost wages	to date: sensescribe)	te			\$ Subtotal \$	
. Other documented Items of dan	nages (describe)					
Brief description of plaintiff's inju	ury, including natu	re and exte	ent of injury (des	cribe)		
Attest	mam. Li	ill			TOTAL \$	
rovide a detailed description of claim Plaintiff brings the wi painting. Plaintiff al convey good title, defe provenance has resulted	n(s): thin action fo leges that De: nd Plaintff fo	ditional shoor damag fendant' rom a cl	eets as necessares stemming to aim of owners	from Defend ensure it ship and en	was the law sure the pa	~ •
PLEASE IDENTIFY, BY CASE NUM COURT DEPARTMENT						
"I hereby certify that I have compl Dispute Resolution (SJC Rule 1:1 resolution services and discuss w	8) requiring that	l provide r	nv clients with i	nformation al	SOUT COURT-COR	nected dispute
Signature of Attorney of Record	1 Earl	De	~			E: <u>8/6/03</u>

## CIVIL ACTION COVER SHEET INSTRUCTIONS

#### SELECT CATEGORY THAT BEST DESCRIBES YOUR CASE

CONTRACT			REAL PROPERTY				MISCELLANEOUS		
A01	Services, labor and materials (F)		C01	Land taking (eminent domain)	(F)	E02	Appeal from administrative	(X)	
A02	A02 Goods sold and delivered		C02	Zoning Appeal, G.L. c.40A	(F)		Agency G.L. c. 30A		
A03	Commercial Paper	(F)	C03	Dispute concerning title	(F)	E03	Action against Commonwealth		
80A	Sale or lease of real estate	(F)	C04	Foreclosure of mortgage	(X)		Municipality, G.L. c.258	(A)	
<b>A</b> 12	Construction Dispute	(A)	C05	Condominium lien and charges	(X)	E05	All Arbitration	(X)	
A99	Other (Specify)	( <b>F</b> )	C99	Other (Specify)	(F)	E07	c.112,s.12S (Mary Moe)	(X)	
	TORT					E08	Appointment of Receiver	(X)	
B03	3 Motor Vehicle negligence- EQUITABLE REMEDIES				E09	General contractor bond,			
	personal injury/property damage	(F)	D01	Specific performance of contract	(A)		G.L. c.149,s.29,29a	(A)	
B04	Other negligence-personal		D02	Reach and Apply	(F)	E11	Workman's Compensation	(X)	
	injury/property damage	(F)	D06	Contribution or Indemnification	(F)	E14	Chapter 123A Petition-SDP	(X)	
<b>B</b> 05	Products Liability	(A)	D07	Imposition of Trust	(A)	E15	Abuse Petition, G.L.c.209A	(X)	
B06	Malpractice-medical	(A)	D08	Minority Stockholder's Suit	(A)	E16	Auto Surcharge Appeal	(X)	
B07	Malpractice-other(Specify)	· (A)	D10	Accounting	(A)	E17	Civil Rights Act, G.L.c.12,s.11H	(A)	
808	Wrongful death,G.L.c.229,s2A	(A)	D12	Dissolution of Partnership	(F)	E18	Foreign Discovery proceeding	(X)	
B15	Defamation (Libel-Slander)	(A)	D13	Declaratory Judgment G.L.c.231A	(A)	E96	Prisoner Cases	(F)	
B19	Asbestos	(A)	D99	Other (Specify)	(F)	E97	Prisoner Habeas Corpus	(X)	
B20	Personal Injury-Slip&Fall	(F)				E99	Other (Specify)	(X)	
B21	Environmental	(A)							
B22	Employment Discrimination	(F)							
B99	Other (Specify)	(F)							

#### TRANSFER YOUR SELECTION TO THE FACE SHEET.

**EXAMPLE:** 

CODE NO. TYPE OF ACTION (SPECIFY) TRACK IS THIS A JURY CASE?

B03 Motor Vehicle Negligence-Personal Injury (F) X Yes No

#### **SUPERIOR COURT RULE 29**

**DUTY OF THE PLAINTIFF.** The plaintiff or his/her counsel shall set forth, on the face sheet (or attach additional sheets as necessary), a statement specifying in full and itemized detail the facts upon which the plaintiff then relies as constituting money damages. A copy of such civil action cover sheet, including the statement as to the damages, shall be served on the defendant together with the complaint. If a statement of money damages, where appropriate is not filed, the Clerk-Magistrate shall transfer the action as provided in Rule 29(5)(C).

**DUTY OF THE DEFENDANT.** Should the defendant believe the statement of damages filed by the plaintiff in any respect inadequate, he or his counsel may file with the answer a statement specifying in reasonable detail the potential damages which may result should the plaintiff prevail. Such statement, if any, shall be served with the answer.

A CIVIL ACTION COVER SHEET MUST BE FILED WITH EACH COMPLAINT, BUFF COLOR PAPER.

FAILURE TO COMPLETE THIS COVER SHEET THOROUGHLY AND ACCURATELY MAY RESULT IN DISMISSAL OF THIS ACTION.

A true copy.

Attest

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